TOWNSHIP OF UNION PUBLIC SCHOOLS CURRICULUM GUIDE



English Department

EN400 English 12 Honors

Adopted 06/20/2017

Updated 12/18/18

Mission Statement

The mission of the Township of Union Public Schools is to build on the foundations of honesty, excellence, integrity, strong family, and community partnerships. We promote a supportive learning environment where every student is challenged, inspired, empowered, and respected as diverse learners. Through cultivation of students' intellectual curiosity, skills and knowledge, our students can achieve academically and socially, and contribute as responsible and productive citizens of our global community.

Philosophy Statement

The Township of Union Public School District, as a societal agency, reflects democratic ideals and concepts through its educational practices. It is the belief of the Board of Education that a primary function of the Township of Union Public School System is to formulate a learning climate conducive to the needs of all students in general, providing therein for individual differences. The school operates as a partner with the home and community.

Course Description

Senior English – *British Literature and World Literature* focuses on British Literature from as early as the 400s through the 1800s. The study of works such as *Beowulf, Macbeth*, and *Gulliver's Travels* is used to investigate cultures and societies through an in-depth analysis of the literature of the period. A study of satire also gives students an understanding of some ways writing and literature can be used to change society. Students also receive instruction in vocabulary and public speaking skills. There is also much emphasis placed on research skills and the development of documented essays

	Reading	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language
Unit 1	RL11-12.1-7,10 RI11-12.1, 10	W11-12.1, 2, 5-10	SL11-12.1,2, 4, 5, 6	L11-12.1-6
Unit 2	RL 11-12 1-4, 6-7, 91-11	W11-12 1-10	SL 11-12 1-6	L11-12 1-4
Unit 3	RL.11-12.1-6, 7, 9, 10	W.11-12.1-4, 6, 8, 9	SL 11-12 1-6	L11-12 1-4
Unit 4	RL.11-12.2-5,9 RI.4,6,7	W.11-12.1,1a,2, 3, 3a-e, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9a, 9b, 10	SL.11-12.1,1a,1 1b, 2, 4, 5	L.11-12.1, 1a, 2, 2b, 3, 4, 4a-d, 5, 5b, 6,
Unit 5	RL11-12.1-4, 6,9,10	W11-12.1-4, 6, 9	SL11.12.1-6	L 11.12.1-6

Standards At-A-Glance

Additional Standards

Unit	WIDA	Technology	21st Century / Career
1	ELP STANDARD 2: The Language of Language Arts	 8.1.12.A.2 Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review. 8.1.12.A.3 Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue. 8.1.12.D.1 Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work. 	Standard 9.1 All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
2	ELP STANDARD	 8.1.12.A.2 Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a 	Standard 9.1 All students will

	2: The Language of Language Arts	 commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review. 8.1.12.A.3 Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue. 8.1.12.D.1 Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work. 	demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
3	ELP STANDARD 2: The Language of Language Arts	 8.1.12.A.2 Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review. 8.1.12.A.3 Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue. 8.1.12.D.1 Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work. 	Standard 9.1 All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
4	ELP STANDARD 2: The Language of Language Arts	 8.1.12.A.2 Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review. 8.1.12.A.3 Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue. 8.1.12.D.1 Demonstrate appropriate application of 	Standard 9.1 All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

		copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work.	
5	ELP STANDARD 2: The Language of Language Arts	 8.1.12.A.2 Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review. 8.1.12.A.3 Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue. 8.1.12.D.1 Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work. 	Standard 9.1 All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

Pacing Guide

	Anticipated Length of Time (days)	
Unit 1	36 days	
Unit 2	36 days	
Unit 3	36 days	
Unit 4	36 days	
Unit 5	36 days	

Overview of Required Activities

	Required Activities	Novels
Unit 1	Unit Activities: Unit Introduction Activity: Historical Perspectives: Focus Period 750 - 1066 Unit Goals Unit Reflection Academic Vocabulary	Optional Choose from: <i>Don Quixote Narrative of Sojourner Truth Flatland: A Romance of Many Dimensions Fallen Angels</i>
	Selection Activities: Concept Vocabulary Word Study Analyzing Craft & Structure Author's Style Evidence Logs Conventions & Style	
	Unit Activities: Unit Goals Unit Reflection Academic Vocabulary	Optional Julius Caesar King Lear The Stranger
Unit 2	Selection Activities: Concept Vocabulary Word Study Analyzing Craft & Structure Author's Style Evidence Logs Conventions & Style	
	Unit Activities: Unit Goals Unit Reflection Academic Vocabulary	<i>Crime and Punishment Jude the Obscure Tess of the d'Urbervilles</i>
Unit 3	Selection Activities: Close Read Analyze the Text Concept Vocabulary Word Study Analyzing Craft & Structure Author's Style Evidence Logs	Misanthrope Candide

	Conventions & Style	
Unit 4	Unit Activities: Unit Goals Unit Reflection Academic Vocabulary Selection Activities: Close Read Analyze the Text Concept Vocabulary Word Study Analyzing Craft & Structure Author's Style Evidence Logs Conventions & Style	Required (Honors & CP) Choose from: Into the Wild 1984 Brave New World A Doll's House Curious Incident of the Dog in the Nighttime The Way to Wealth The Way to Wealth The Way of the World The Picture of Dorian Gray Lucy
Unit 5	 Unit Activities: Historical Perspectives Anchor Text: Essay Poetry Collection Novel Excerpt Short Story Unit Goals Unit Reflection Academic Vocabulary Selection Activities: Concept vocabulary Word Study Analyzing Craft and Structure Evidence Logs Conventions and Style 	Optional Choose from: <i>The House of Seven Gables</i> <i>Travels with Charley</i> <i>Kidnapped</i> <i>Rip Van Winkle</i> <i>Importance of Being Earnest</i>

Unit 1: Forging a Hero (MyP Unit 1)

Unit Summary

This unit focuses on the nature of heroism by reading, writing, speaking, listening, and presenting. Texts include *Beowulf*, as well as a wide selection of poetry, short stories, articles, videos, and novels, all of which carry the theme of heroism. Students will expand their knowledge and use of concept vocabulary, facilitating their ability to write an argument that has a clear structure and that draws evidence from texts and original research to support a claim. Students will also learn and apply rhetorical devices effectively to strengthen arguments and add interest to writing and presentations.

Essential Questions What makes a hero?

READING		
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards	
Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RL 11-12.1	
Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL 11-12.2	
Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RL 11-12.3	
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or	RL 11-12.4	
language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RL 11-12.5	
Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	RL 11-12.6	
Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is		

directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	RL 11-12.7
Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	RL.11-12.10.
By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.	
By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.	RI.11-12.1
Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.10.
By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.	
By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above.	

Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
Whole Class Learning Texts		
Small-Group Learning Texts		
Independent Learning Texts		
Beowulf, Broad-based Introduction PowerPoint:		
https://d3jc3ahdjad7x7.cloudfront.net/NItJ6UFX44MLOUcTQO97peS50Po		
wNgPHpbfdTeKP62TTp0go.pdf		
BBC: Glimpse into Anglo-Saxon Culture (feasts, foods, sports,		
literature, language):		
http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primaryhistory/anglo_saxons/		
stories_and_pastimes/		

WRIT	ING
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	W.11-12.1
 Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and 	
using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and	

 limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. 	W11-12.2
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Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	W.11-12.5
Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	W.11-12.6
Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	W.11-12.7
Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	W.11-12.8
Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	W.11-12.9
Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or	W.11-12.10

a day or two) for a range of tasks,		
purposes.		
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources	
Whole Class Learning Texts		
Small-Group Learning Texts		
Independent Learning Texts		
historyplace.com / speeches / elizabeth. com (Elizabeth's speech to		
the tro	pops)	
New York Times: The Learning Network "What Is A Hero"		
(articles and writing opportunities)		
https://learning.blogs.nytimes.c	<u>com/2015/08/25/what-is-a-hero/</u>	
Purdue Writing Ow	I / MLA Guidelines	

SPEAKING AN	ID LISTENING
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues,</i> building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	SL.11-12.1
A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.	
B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g. student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.	

C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.	
 D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. 	SL.11-12.2.
presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	SL.11-12.4
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	SL.11-12.5
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when	SL.11-12.6

indicated or appropriate.		
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources	
Whole Class Learning Texts		
Small-Group Learning Texts		
Independent Learning Texts		
historyplace.com / speeches / elizat	beth. com (Elizabeth's speech to the	
troc	ops)	
Write a "breaking news" report about the	he battle between Beowulf and Grendel	
(or Beowulf and Grendel's Mo	other or Beowulf Fire Dragon)	
for the Anglo-Saxon Ca	able Television Network	

LANGUAGE	
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Conventions of Standard English	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	L11-12.1
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. A. Observe hyphenation conventions.	L.11-12.2
B. Spell correctly.	
 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. A. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts. 	L11-12.3
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 11–12 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	L11-12.4

 A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>conceive, conception, conceivable</i>). 		
C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.	L11-12.5	
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. Acquire and use accurately general	L.11-12.6	
academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
Whole Class Learning Texts Small-Group Learning Texts		
Independent Learning Texts		
Select excerpts from Beowulf and highlight text to identify positive and negative vocabulary. Explain how word choices convey mood or tone.		

ASSESSMENT PLAN			
District/School Formative Assessment Plan		District/School Summative Assessment Plan	
 Class/small group discussions/presentati Write arguments using Vocabulary application Entrance/Exit writing/d prompts Quizzes on MLA formations 	evidence Is iscussion	Unit tes	Collection test
District/School Te	xts	-	District/School lementary Materials
myPerspectives: British and \ Literature text	Vorld	Purdue Writing	g Owl for MLA guidelines
District/School Writing Tasks			
Task	Primary Focus	S	Secondary Focus
PBA#1: Write an Argument (MLA documented paper)	Works Cited p citations, thes formatting, loc citing evidence	is, MLA cating and	Language Conventions

Suggested Modifications

- Modified assessment tasks/rubrics
- Additional time for completion
- Paired activities
- Reading written instructions
- Providing notes/study guides
- Modeling and providing examples
- Non-verbal cues
- Bilingual dictionary use
- Pairing visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Highlighting key words and key strategies
- Preferred seating
- RTI
- Scaffolding complexity level of questioning
- Differentiated assignment of novels and short readings
- Assist with organization/planning
- Provide graphic organizers/partially completed activities
- Others as determined appropriate by IEP/504/I&RS plan/RTI plan/classroom instructor

Interdisciplinary Connections

- Historical influence of time periods in which texts were written and/or represent

INSTRUCTIONAL BEST PRACTICES AND EXEMPLARS

Research Guides 9-12 Close Reading and Annotation Guide Evidence Log Guide Word Network Model Writing Argument Grades 11-12

Unit 2: Facing the Future, Confronting the Past (MyP Unit 3)

Unit Summary

This unit is a reflection on the consequences of greed and ambition as seen through Shakespeare's *Macbeth*. It explores the ways that the interpretation of the past and the feelings about the future can influence the decisions made in the present. After completing *Macbeth*, the students will study sonnets, as well as various texts, for students to be able to think deeper and critically about the world around them.

Essential Questions

How do our attitudes toward the past and future shape our actions?

READING	
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RL 11-12.1
Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL 11-12.2
	RL 11-12.3
Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RL 11-12.4
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone,	

including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	
Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	RL 11-12.6
Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	RL 11-12.7
Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (e.g., Shakespeare and other authors.)	RL 11-12.9
Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	RL 11-12.10
By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.	RL 11-12.1

By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.	RL 11-12.2
Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as	
inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. Determine two or more central ideas of a text, and analyze their development and	RL 11-12.3
how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL 11-12.4
Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the	
text. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text,	RL 11-12.5
including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	RL 11-12.6
Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	RL 11-12.7
Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style	RL 11-12.8

and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.	
Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.	RL 11-12.9
Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., <i>The Federalist</i> , presidential addresses).	RL 11-12.10
Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.	
By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above.	
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources
Whole Class Learning Texts Small-Group Learning Texts	
Independent Learning Texts	

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	Various Handouts from the Pearson Teacher's Resource
	Historical Derenastivas: Eague Deriad 1485 1625
	Historical Perspectives: Focus Period 1485-1625
	Literary History-Elizabethan Theater
	The Tragedy of Macbeth
	Macbeth graphic novel
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	WRITING
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
 counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between 	

 claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). 	W11-12.2
 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships 	

 among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). 	W11-12.3
 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. 1. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or 	
events. 2. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or	W11-12.4

characters.	
3. Use a variety of techniques to	W11-12.5
sequence events so that they	
build on one another to create	
a coherent whole and build	
toward a particular tone and	
outcome (e.g., a sense of	
mystery, suspense, growth, or	W11-12.6
resolution).	
4. Use precise words and	
phrases, telling details, and	
sensory language to convey a	
vivid picture of the	
experiences, events, setting,	W11-12.7
and/or characters.	VV11-12.7
 Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on 	
what is experienced, observed,	
or resolved over the course of	
the narrative.	
Production and Distribution of	
Writing	W11-12.8
Produce clear and coherent writing in	
which the development, organization,	
and style are appropriate to task,	
purpose, and audience.	
(Grade-specific expectations for	
writing types are defined in standards	
1–3 above.)	
Develop and strengthen writing as	
needed by planning, revising, editing,	
rewriting, trying a new approach, or	W11-12.9
consulting a style manual (such as	
MLA or APA Style), focusing on	
addressing what is most significant for	
a specific purpose and audience.	
Use technology, including the	

Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	W11-12.10
Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals). Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. A. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works, including how two or more	

texts from the same period treat	
similar themes or topics").	
B. Apply grades 11–12 Reading	
standards to literary nonfiction (e.g.,	
"Delineate and evaluate the reasoning	
in seminal texts, including the	
application of constitutional principles	
and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in	
U.S. Supreme Court Case majority	
opinions and dissents] and the	
premises, purposes, and arguments	
in works of public advocacy [e.g., The	
Federalist, presidential addresses]").	
Range of Writing	
Write routinely over extended time	
frames (time for research, reflection,	
and revision) and shorter time frames	
(a single sitting or a day or two) for a	
range of tasks, purposes.	
Suggested Materia	als/Educational Resources

Optional Assignment: Write your own soliloquy--https://www.teachingchannel.org/videos/writing-soliloquies Compare/Contrast-Modern Day Tragic Heroes https://www.sbcc.edu/clrc/files/wl/downloads/WritingaCompareContrastEssay.pdf Macbeth graphic novel

SPEAKING AN	ID LISTENING
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Comprehension and Collaboration	SL:11-12.1
Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues,</i> building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. A. Come to discussions prepared,	

 having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas. B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g. student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed. C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. 	
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	SL11-12.2
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of	SL11-12.3

emphasis, and tone used.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	SL11-12.4
Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	SL11-12.5
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	SL11-12.6
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources
Macbeth Re	eenactment

Mock trial of Macbeth

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LANG	UAGE
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Conventions of Standard English	L11-12.1
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	L11-12.2
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. A. Observe hyphenation conventions.	
B. Spell correctly.	L11-12.3
Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in	

different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.A. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	L11-12.4
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades</i> 11–12 <i>reading</i> <i>and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>conceive, conception, conceivable</i>).	
C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.	
D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).	L11-12.5
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.	
B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	L11-12.6
Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and	

phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
Prentice Hall-Writing Coach Grade 12		

ASSESSMENT PLAN				
District/School Form	native	Distric	ct/School Summative	
Assessment Pla	an	Α	ssessment Plan	
Comprehensions checks		Macbeth MLA	paper	
Evidence logs		Unit test		
Annotations		Writing an arg	ument	
District/School Te	exts		District/School lementary Materials	
MyPerspectives			Writing Coach 12	
District/School Writing Tasks				
Task	Primary Focus		Secondary Focus	
PBA 1	Macbeth MLA paper		Language conventions	

Suggested Modifications

- Modified assessment tasks/rubrics
- Additional time for completion
- Paired activities
- Reading written instructions
- Providing notes/study guides
- Modeling and providing examples
- Non-verbal cues
- Bilingual dictionary use
- Pairing visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Highlighting key words and key strategies
- Preferred seating
- RTI
- Scaffolding complexity level of questioning
- Differentiated assignment of novels and short readings
- Assist with organization/planning
- Provide graphic organizers/partially completed activities
- Others as determined appropriate by IEP/504/I&RS plan/RTI plan/classroom instructor

Interdisciplinary Connections

- Historical influence of time periods in which texts were written and/or represent
- psychology

INSTRUCTIONAL BEST PRACTICES AND EXEMPLARS

Research Guides 9-12 Close Reading and Annotation Guide Evidence Log Guide Word Network Model Writing Argument Grades 11-12

Unit 3: Seeing Things New (MyP Unit 4)

Unit Summary

In this unit, through reading, writing, listening and speaking, students will learn about vision and disillusionment, considering different perspectives and how we look at things. Students will read a variety of texts and view media as they discuss the essential question, How do we define ourselves? Selections will allow students to reflect on how people see the world differently and how can we learn from other's perspectives.

Essential Questions

Why are both vision and disillusion necessary?

READING	
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RL 11-12.1 RL 11-12.2
Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	INE 11-12.2
Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RL 11-12.3
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RL 11-12.4
Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	RL 11-12.6

Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	RL 11-12.7		
Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (e.g., Shakespeare and other authors.)	RL 11-12.9		
Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	RL 11-12.10		
Suggested Materials/Ed	ducational Resources		
Whole Class Learning Texts			
Small-Group Learning Texts			
Independent Le	earning Texts		
For Understanding Satire: "The Onion" (<u>http://www.theonion.com</u>) "McGuffin's The Untrue News" (<u>http://www.untruenews.com</u>) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xINejLGVhcc <u>https://prezi.com/hrkwix6wzrt5/satire-prezi/</u>			
Article by Frank Rich "Happy Talk News Covers a War"			

WRITING		
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards	
Write arguments to support claims in an	W11-12.1	
analysis of substantive topics or texts,		

using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

 Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or

texts, using valid reasoning and	
relevant and sufficient evidence.	
Introduce precise, knowledgeable	

Suggested Materials/Educational Resources

Whole-Class learning tasks Small Group learning tasks Independent learning tasks <u>www.purdueowl</u> (narrative writing) Write a sequel to Gulliver's Travels Create a graphic comic Write political satire based on current events

SPEAKING	AND LISTENING
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Initiate and participate effectively in a	
range of collaborative discussions	SL:11-12.1
(one-on- one, in groups, and	
teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades 11–12</i>	
<i>topics, texts, and issues,</i> building on	
others' ideas and expressing their own	
clearly and persuasively.	
A. Come to discussions prepared,	
having read and researched material	
under study; explicitly draw on that	
preparation by referring to evidence	
from texts and other research on the	
topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful,	
well reasoned exchange of ideas.	
B. Collaborate with peers to promote	
civil, democratic discussions and	
decision-making, set clear goals and	
assessments (e.g. student developed	
rubrics), and establish individual roles	
as needed.	

C. Propel conversations by posing	
and responding to questions that probe	
reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a	
topic or issue; clarify, verify, or	
challenge ideas and conclusions; and	
promote divergent and creative	
perspectives.	
D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse	
perspectives; synthesize comments,	
claims, and evidence made on all sides	
of an issue; resolve contradictions when	
possible; and determine what additional	
information or research is required to	
deepen the investigation or complete	SL11-12.2
the task.	
Integrate multiple sources of information	
presented in diverse formats and media	SL11-12.2
(e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in	
order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility	
and accuracy of each source and noting	
any discrepancies among the data.	
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and	
rhetoric, assessing the stance,	SL11-12.3
premises, links among ideas, word	
choice, points of emphasis, and tone	
used.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
Present information, findings and	SL11-12.4
supporting evidence clearly, concisely,	
and logically. The content, organization,	
development, and style are appropriate	
to task, purpose, and audience.	

Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	S11-12.5
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of	SL11-12.6
formal English when indicated or	
appropriate.	
Suggested Materia	ls/Educational Resources
Whole- Cla	ss Learning Texts
Small- Grou	up Learning Texts
Independe	nt Learning Texts
http://www.poetryoutloud.org/po	ems-and-performance/tips-on-reciting
https://www.skillsyouneed.c	com/present/presentation-tips.html

LANGUAGE		
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards	
Conventions of Standard English Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	L11-12.1 L11-12.2	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. A. Observe hyphenation conventions.		

B. Spell correctly.	L11-12.3
Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. A. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	L11-12.4
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades</i> 11–12 <i>reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>conceive, conception, conceivable</i>).	
C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.	
 D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning 	

in context or in a dictionary).	L11-12.5	
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.		
B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	L11-12.6	
Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
Whole-Class Learning Texts		
Small-Gi	roup Learning	
Indepen	dent Learning	
https://www.teachingchannel.org/videos/rhetorical-devices-equip		

ASSESSMENT PLAN	
District/School Formative	District/School Summative
Assessment Plan	Assessment Plan
Annotations/Analyzing the Text	Performance Based Assessment Part 1
Reflections on Writing	Narrative Writing
Evidence logs (evaluating strength of	
evidence)	Performance Based Assessment Part 2
Analyzing craft and structure	Dramatic Reading
Analyzing author's style	
Performance Task: Writing Focus	
Reflective Narrative	

Performance Based	d Assessment		
Prep			
Comprehension Ch	ecks (optional)		
District/Sch	hool Texts	District/Scho	ol
		Supplementary M	aterials
My Perspectives		Pearson Writer's Coach	
Novels		NYT Upfront Magazine	
		Film - Gulliver's Travels	
District/Sc		hool Writing Tasks	
Task	Primary Focus Secondary Focus		Secondary Focus
PBA 1	Writing - Reflective Narrative - Write narratives		Language
	to develop real or in	nagined experiences or	conventions
	events using effective technique, well-chosen		
	details, and well structured event sequences		

Suggested Modifications

- Modified assessment tasks/rubrics
- Additional time for completion
- Paired activities
- Reading written instructions
- Providing notes/study guides
- Modeling and providing examples
- Non-verbal cues
- Bilingual dictionary use
- Pairing visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Highlighting key words and key strategies
- Preferred seating
- RTI
- Scaffolding complexity level of questioning
- Differentiated assignment of novels and short readings
- Assist with organization/planning
- Provide graphic organizers/partially completed activities
- Others as determined appropriate by IEP/504/I&RS plan/RTI plan/classroom instructor

Interdisciplinary Connections

- Historical influence of time periods in which texts were written and/or represent

INSTRUCTIONAL BEST PRACTICES AND EXEMPLARS

Research Guides 9-12

Close Reading and Annotation Guide

Evidence Log Guide

Word Network Model

Writing Informational/Explanatory Grades 11-12

Unit 4: Discovering Self (MyP Unit 5)

Unit Summary

Whether it comes from revisiting old memories or facing new challenges, there are many ways that our experiences help us discover who we really are. Many writers have

explored how a sense of self is developed. This unit has been designed to allow you to reflect on the ways we define ourselves and the world around us.

 Essential Questions

How do we define ourselves?

READING		
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards	
Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL.11-12.2.	
Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RL.11-12.3.	
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RL.11-12.4.	
Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	RL.11-12.5.	
Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more	RL.11-12.9.	

texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	RI.11-12.4.
Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.	RI.11-12.6.
Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.	RI.11-12.7.
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources
MyPerspective- Whole-Group Learning texts Small-Group Learning texts Independent Learning texts 1984 A Doll's House Curious Incident of the Dog and the Nighttime The Way to Wealth The Way of the World The Picture of Dorian Gray Lucy	

WRITING	
Critical Knowledge and Skills Standards	
	W.11-12.1.
Write arguments to support claims in an	

analysis of substantive topics or texts,	
using valid reasoning and relevant and	
sufficient evidence.	
 A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. 	W.11-12.1.a.
Write informative/explanatory texts to	
examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.	W.11-12.2.
Write narratives to develop real or	
imagined experiences or events using	W.11-12.3.
effective technique, well-chosen details,	
and well-structured event sequences.	
 A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory 	W.11-12.3.a-e.
language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting,	

and/or obstaters	
and/or characters. E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	
Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.11-12.4.
Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	W.11-12.5.
Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	W.11-12.7.
Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	W.11-12.8.
A. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works, including how two or more	W.11-12.9.a.

texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").		
Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., <i>The Federalist</i> , presidential addresses]").	W.11-12.9.b.	
Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.	W.11-12.10.	
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
 MyPerspectives : Tool Kit Writing Research MLA or APA Style Handbook Purdue Owl: 		
 https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/ 		

SPEAKING AN	ID LISTENING
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades</i> 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	SL.11-12.1.
A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well	SL.11-12.1.a.

	7	
reasoned exchange of ideas.		
A. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g. student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.	SL.11-12.1.b.	
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	SL.11-12.2.	
Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	SL.11-12.4.	
Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	SL.11-12.5.	
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
MyPerspectives : Tool Kit		
• Research		

LANGUAGE	
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	L.11-12.1.
A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	L.11-12.1.a.
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	L.11-12.2.
A. Spell correctly.	L.11-12.2.b

Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 11–12 reading</i> <i>and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a	L.11-12.3. L.11-12.4.
 range of strategies. A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable). C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage. D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). 	L.11-12.4.a-d.
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	L.11-12.5.
B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	L.11-12.5.b
Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing,	L.11-12.6.

speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
Dictionary		
Thesaurus		
Glossary		
Google Search Engine		
Writer's Coach		

ASSESSMENT PLAN			
District/School Formative		District/School Summative	
Assessment Pla	in	A	ssessment Plan
Selection Test		Unit Test	
Comprehensions checks		PBA	
Evidence logs			
Annotations			
District/School Te	xts		District/School lementary Materials
MyPerspectives Textbook 1984 A Doll's House A Curious Incident of the Dog Nighttime The Way to Wealth The Way of the World \The Picture of Dorian Gray Lucy	in the		nt Magazine e Hall Writing Coach
[District/School	Writing Tasks	3
Task	Primary Focus	8	Secondary Focus
PBA 1	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events		Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters

Suggested Modifications

- Modified assessment tasks/rubrics
- Additional time for completion
- Paired activities
- Reading written instructions
- Providing notes/study guides
- Modeling and providing examples
- Non-verbal cues
- Bilingual dictionary use
- Pairing visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Highlighting key words and key strategies
- Preferred seating
- RTI
- Scaffolding complexity level of questioning
- Differentiated assignment of novels and short readings
- Assist with organization/planning
- Provide graphic organizers/partially completed activities
- Others as determined appropriate by IEP/504/I&RS plan/RTI plan/classroom instructor

Interdisciplinary Connections

- Historical influence of time periods in which texts were written and/or represent

INSTRUCTIONAL BEST PRACTICES AND EXEMPLARS

Research Guides 9-12

Close Reading and Annotation Guide

Evidence Log Guide

Word Network Model

Writing Informational/Explanatory Grades 11-12

Unit 5: Finding a Home (MyP Unit 6)

Unit Summary

In this unit, through reading, writing, speaking and listening, students will learn about home, considering concepts relating to place and where and how one establishes a home. Students will read a variety of texts as they answer as a class, in small groups, and independently, what does it mean to call a place a home?

Essential Questions

What does it mean to call a place a home?

READING

Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RL 11-12.1
Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL 11-12.2
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RL 11-12.4
Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	RL 11-12.6
Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (e.g., Shakespeare and other authors.)	RL 11-12.9
Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect	

on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	RL 11-12.10
By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.	RL 11-12.11
Determine two or more central ideas of a text, and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	
Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events in	RL 11-12.3
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	RL 11-12.4
Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points	RL 11-12.5

clear, convincing, and engaging.	RL 11-12.6
Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.	RL 11-12.7
Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.	
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources
Whole -Class learning texts Small-Group learning texts Independent learning <u>http://historyofengland.typepad.com/</u> (podcast History of England) Novels (optional)	

WRITING		
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards	
 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. 1. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) 	W11-12.1	

from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. Β. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. Provide a concluding paragraph E. or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). Write informative/explanatory texts to

examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Α. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole: include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and

W11-12.2

 multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). 	
 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. 1. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. 2. Use narrative techniques, such 	W11-12.3

 as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. 3. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). 4. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory 	
 language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. 5. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the 	
narrative. Production and Distribution of	W11-12.4
Writing	
Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization,	
and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific	
expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W11-12.5
Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	W11-12.6
Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	
Research to Build and Present	

Knowledge	W11-12.7
Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	W11-12.8
Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a	
 standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals). Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. A. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). B. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]"). 	W11-12.9
Range of Writing	W11-12.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range	
of tasks, purposes.	

Suggested Materials/Educational Resources

Whole-Class learning texts Small-Group learning texts Independent learning https://www.youtube.com/watch?y

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oCmzoYxl9LA (informative essay how to) http://achievethecore.org/category/330/student-writing-samples?filter_cat=504&sor

SPEAKING AND LISTENING			
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards		
Comprehension and Collaboration Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions	SL:11-12.1		
(one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades</i> <i>11–12 topics, texts, and issues,</i> building			
on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. A. Come to discussions prepared,			
having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the			
topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas. B. Collaborate with peers to promote			
civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g. student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles			
as needed. C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe			
reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and			

promote divergent and creative perspectives. D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse	
perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	SL11-12.2
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	SL11-12.3
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	SL11-12.4
Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence	SL11-12.5

and to add interest.	
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	SL11-12.6
Suggested Materials/E	ducational Resources
Whole-Class I	earning texts
Small-Group I	earning texts
Independer	nt learning
	ages/auto/2013/9/30/51224870/u1_exete
<u>rbk_seafa</u>	rer_se.pdf
LANG	UAGE
Critical Knowledge and Skills	Standards
Conventions of Standard English	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or	L11-12.1
 speaking. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. 	L11-12.2
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. A. Observe hyphenation conventions.	L11-12.3
B. Spell correctly.	
Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. A. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of	L11-12.4

complex texts.	
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades</i> 11–12 <i>reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>conceive, conception, conceivable</i>).	
C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.	
D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).	L11-12.5
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.	
B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	
Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when	L11-12.6

considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Suggested Materials/Educational Resources		
Whole-Class learning texts		
Small-Group learning texts		
Independent learning		

ASSESSMENT PLAN		
District/School Formative	District/School Summative	
Assessment Plan	Assessment Plan	

Annotations Evidence logs Analyzing craft and structure Author's style Performance Task: Writing Fo Performance Task Prep Comprehension Checks (optic		Performance	Based Assessment Part 1 Task (Small Group) Based Assessment Part 2
District/School Te	xts		District/School lementary Materials
My Perspectives		NYT UPFRONT Magazine	
Writers Coach			_
Optional Novels			
District/School		Writing Tasks	
Task	Primary Focus	S	Secondary Focus
PBA 1	Informative Essay - Write informative texts to examine and convey complex ideas through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.		Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline.

Suggested Modifications

- Modified assessment tasks/rubrics
- Additional time for completion
- Paired activities
- Reading written instructions
- Providing notes/study guides
- Modeling and providing examples
- Non-verbal cues
- Bilingual dictionary use
- Pairing visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Highlighting key words and key strategies
- Preferred seating
- RTI
- Scaffolding complexity level of questioning
- Differentiated assignment of novels and short readings
- Assist with organization/planning
- Provide graphic organizers/partially completed activities
- Others as determined appropriate by IEP/504/I&RS plan/RTI plan/classroom instructor

Interdisciplinary Connections

- Historical influence of time periods in which texts were written and/or represent

INSTRUCTIONAL BEST PRACTICES AND EXEMPLARS

Research Guides 9-12 Close Reading and Annotation Guide Evidence Log Guide Word Network Model Writing Informational/Explanatory Grades 11-12